

	Reimbursement Policy Manual		Policy #:	RPM022
Policy Title:	Modifier 51 - Multiple Procedure Fee Reductions			
Section:	Modifiers	Subsection:	Surgery & Non-surgical (both)	
Scope:	This policy applies to the following Medical (including Pharmacy/Vision) plans:			
Companies:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All Companies: Moda Partners, Inc. and its subsidiaries & affiliates <input type="checkbox"/> Moda Health Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Moda Assurance Company <input type="checkbox"/> Summit Health Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Eastern Oregon Coordinated Care Organization (EOCCO) <input type="checkbox"/> OHSU Health IDS			
Types of Business:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All Types <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Group <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Individual <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Marketplace/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Self-funded <input type="checkbox"/> Medicaid <input type="checkbox"/> Medicare Advantage <input type="checkbox"/> Short Term <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____			
States:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All States <input type="checkbox"/> Alaska <input type="checkbox"/> Idaho <input type="checkbox"/> Oregon <input type="checkbox"/> Texas <input type="checkbox"/> Washington			
Claim forms:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CMS1500 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CMS1450/UB (or the electronic equivalent or successor forms)			
Date:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All dates <input type="checkbox"/> Specific date(s): _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Date of Service; For Facilities: <input type="checkbox"/> n/a <input type="checkbox"/> Facility admission <input type="checkbox"/> Facility discharge <input type="checkbox"/> Date of processing			
Provider Contract Status:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contracted directly, any/all networks <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contracted with a secondary network <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Out of Network			
Originally Effective:	1/1/2000	Initially Published:	4/10/2013	
Last Updated:	4/8/2024	Last Reviewed:	4/10/2024	
Last update includes payment policy changes, subject to 28 TAC §3.3703(a)(20)(D)? No				
Last Update Effective Date for Texas:		4/10/2024		

Reimbursement Guidelines

A. All Provider Types

1. Providers are required to submit all procedure codes for the same day/surgical session on the same claim.
2. Multiple procedure fee reductions are applied to secondary procedures even when a billing error occurs and modifier 51 is omitted from a line item when needed.
3. A maximum of one unit of one procedure code is processed as the primary procedure code.
 - a. If multiple units are billed for the primary procedure code, the additional units of that code and any other procedures billed are secondary procedures and are subject to the applicable secondary procedure rules for the multiple procedure indicator assigned to the procedure code.
 - b. Primary and secondary code rules do not apply to procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of "9."

4. Determining the Primary Procedure Code (Ranking):
 - a. When multiple procedure rules apply, the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) RVUs are used to rank procedure codes and determine the primary and secondary procedures on all professional claims.
 - b. For facility claims with APC contracts, a Medicare pricer tool is used to rank the multiple procedure reductions. All other facility claims are ranked using the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) RVUs.
 - c. The procedure code with the highest RVU is determined to be the primary procedure:
 - i. Regardless of the order in which the procedure codes are billed on the claim.
 - ii. Regardless of which procedure code has the highest billed charges.
5. For percent of charge or discount fee schedules:
 - a. Multiple procedure fee reduction rules do apply. Percent of charge contracts are not excused from these rules.
 - b. The [RVU ranking process to determine the primary procedure code](#) applies.
 - c. When reductions are applied to secondary procedures, the reduction rules are applied to the discounted amount, not the billed charges.
6. Multiple procedure fee reductions are *not waived* when:
 - Modifier SG is appended.
 - Modifiers XE, XS, XP, or XU are appended.
 - Modifier 59 is appended.
 - Modifier 77 is appended.
 - Modifier 78 is appended.
 - Modifier 79 is appended.
 - Maternity surgical procedures are performed during the operative session.
7. Bypassing Clinical Edits
Modifier 51 does *not* bypass clinical edits, such as subset denials, redundant denials, or other types of clinical edits.
8. Other Pricing Adjustments Affect Final Line Item Allowable
Please Note: When multiple procedure fee reductions apply, other pricing adjustments may also apply before the final allowable amount for each line item is determined. For example, bilateral adjustments, assistant surgeon adjustments, co-surgery adjustments, related within global adjustments, etc.
9. Valid and invalid procedure code combinations for modifier 51.
 - a. Procedure codes with a CMS Physician Fee Schedule (PFS) multiple procedure indicator of “1”, “2”, “3”, “4”, “5”, “6”, and “7” will allow as valid modifier to procedure combinations when billed with modifier 51.
 - b. Procedure codes with a CMS PFS multiple procedure indicator of “0” and “9” will deny for invalid modifier to procedure combination when billed with modifier 51.

- c. There is a discrepancy in coding guidelines regarding the use of modifier 51 for medical procedures. Per the AMA, modifier 51 may be appended to medical procedures when medical and surgical procedures are performed in combination during the same session or when multiple medical procedures are performed in the same session. However, the CMS guidelines have indicated that modifier 51 should not be used when the concept of multiple procedure reductions does not apply or when the procedure code is not subject to multiple procedure fee reductions (e.g., add-on surgical codes). Moda Health follows CMS policy for procedure codes with a CMS multiple procedure indicator of “0” and “9.”

- d. Chiropractic Services and Modifier 51

Multiple procedure fee reductions are not applied to Osteopathic Manipulative Treatment (OMT) procedures or Chiropractic Manipulative Treatment (CMT) procedures. Despite the AMA modifier definition and ChiroCode guidelines indicating to use modifier 51 with chiropractic services, Moda Health follows CMS guidelines as described above. OMT and CMT procedure codes have a multiple procedure indicator of “0” and modifier 51 should not be used in combination with these procedure codes. 98925 – 98929 and 98940 – 98943 will be denied for invalid modifier to procedure combination when billed with modifier 51.

B. Professional Claims

1. See [how the primary procedure code is determined \(ranking\)](#).
2. See [how multiple procedure reductions apply to percent of charge or discount fee schedules](#).
3. Multiple procedure fee reductions (MPFR) are applied to procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “1” or “2” on the on the National Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB).
 - a. When multiple procedure fee reductions apply, the primary procedure code is processed at 100%, and the secondary procedures are processed at 50% (i.e.: 100 / 50 / 50 / 50 / etc.) unless otherwise specified in an Administrative Services Only (ASO) plan contract.
 - b. MPFR Cutback Rates for Self-Funded Plans (ASO)
Self-funded employer groups with Administrative Service Only (ASO) plans occasionally elect to specify a non-standard multiple procedure fee reduction structure in the plan benefit language (for example, 100 / 50 / 25 / 25). In those cases, the MPFR cutback rates specified by the self-funded employer group are applied. The employer plan benefit language takes precedence even over the provider contract language.
4. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator or “3”:
 - a. For Medicare Advantage claims:
 - i. Contracted providers, standard multiple fee reductions apply (50%), as if the multiple procedure indicator is “2.”
 - ii. For out-of-network providers, secondary endoscopy procedures will be reduced by 24%.
 - b. For Commercial and Medicaid claims, procedure codes with an indicator of “3” are subject to standard multiple procedure fee reductions, as if the multiple procedure indicator is “2.”

5. Effective July 1, 2018:

- a. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “4,” CMS diagnostic imaging procedure rules apply. Secondary diagnostic imaging procedures are:
 - i. If billed with modifier TC, subject to a 50% reduction of the technical component (TC) portion of the RVU/fee allowance.
 - ii. If billed with modifier 26, subject to a 5% reduction of the professional component (PC) portion of the RVU/fee allowance. (CMS⁴)
 - iii. If billed as global service (no modifier), subject to a 35% reduction.
 - iv. When Payment Cap Value limits apply under the Commercial and Medicare Advantage provider contract, the above multiple procedure reductions apply before the Payment Cap Value limits. (MLN⁶)
- b. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “5,” CMS multiple therapy reduction rules apply. The first unit of the first therapy code is allowed at full fee schedule amount. All secondary units and codes are subject to a 20% reduction.
- c. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “6,” CMS multiple diagnostic cardiovascular reduction rules apply. (CMS⁴) Secondary cardiovascular procedures:
 - i. If billed with modifier TC, subject to a 25% reduction.
 - ii. If billed with modifier 26, processed at full allowable, no reduction.
 - iii. If billed as global service (no modifier), subject to a 20% reduction.
 - iv. When Payment Cap Value limits apply under the under the Commercial and Medicare Advantage provider contract, the above multiple procedure reductions apply before the Payment Cap Value limits. (MLN⁶)
- d. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “7,” CMS diagnostic ophthalmology reduction rules apply. Secondary ophthalmology procedures:
 - i. If billed with modifier TC, subject to a 20% reduction.
 - ii. If billed with modifier 26, processed at full allowable, no reduction.
 - iii. If billed as global service (no modifier), subject to a 10% reduction.
- e. For procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of “9,” the concept of multiple procedure fee reductions does not apply.

C. Ambulatory surgery centers

Effective July 1, 2018, multiple procedure fee reductions are applied to ASC claims.

1. These reductions do apply to procedure codes with carve-out pricing.
2. If the contract is based upon Medicare payment methodology, CMS multiple procedure fee reduction methodology is used; otherwise, Moda multiple procedure reductions of up to 50% will apply.
3. See [how the primary procedure code is determined \(ranking\)](#).

4. See [how multiple procedure reductions apply to percent of charge or discount fee schedules](#).
5. For questions about reimbursement guidelines prior to July 1, 2018, please contact us directly with the affected claim number and date of the explanation of payment.

D. Outpatient hospitals

Effective July 1, 2018, multiple procedure fee reductions are applied to outpatient hospital claims.

1. These reductions do apply to procedure codes with carve-out pricing.
2. If the contract is based upon Medicare payment methodology, CMS multiple procedure fee reduction methodology is used; otherwise, Moda multiple procedure reductions of up to 50% will apply. Procedure codes assigned a status indicator of "T", "J1", "Q1", "Q2" and "Q3" on addendum B of the OPPS fee schedule are eligible for multiple procedure discounting.
 - a. Facility claim lines with a professional revenue code are treated as though they have a 26 modifier.
 - b. All other facility revenue codes are treated as though they have a TC modifier.
3. See [how the primary procedure code is determined \(ranking\)](#).
4. See [how multiple procedure reductions apply to percent of charge or discount fee schedules](#).
5. See also E. Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.
6. For questions about reimbursement guidelines prior to July 1, 2018, please contact us directly with the affected claim number and date of the explanation of payment.

E. Outpatient Rehabilitation Services

Multiple therapy reductions are applied to procedure codes with a multiple procedure indicator of "5" on the National Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB).

1. The list of codes eligible for these reductions are defined on the Physician Fee Schedule, but the reductions apply regardless of the type of provider or supplier that furnishes the services. (CMS⁵)
2. The first unit of the first therapy code is allowed at the full fee schedule rate. All subsequent units and procedures are subject to a 20% reduction.
3. See [how the primary procedure code is determined \(ranking\)](#).
4. See [how multiple procedure reductions apply to percent of charge or discount fee schedules](#).
5. The multiple therapy reductions apply to multiple units of the same code, as well as multiple different therapy codes.
6. The multiple therapy reductions apply to all therapy services furnished to a patient on the same day, regardless of whether the services are provided in one therapy discipline or multiple disciplines, for example, physical therapy, occupational therapy, or speech-language pathology. (CMS⁵)

Codes, Terms, and Definitions

Acronyms & Abbreviations Defined

Acronym or Abbreviation		Definition
AMA	=	American Medical Association
APC	=	Ambulatory Payment Classification
ASC	=	Ambulatory Surgery Center
ASO	=	Administrative Services Only
CCI	=	Correct Coding Initiative (see "NCCI")
CMS	=	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CPT	=	Current Procedural Terminology
DRG	=	Diagnosis Related Group (also known as/see also MS DRG)
HCPCS	=	Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (acronym often pronounced as "hick picks")
HIPAA	=	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
MS DRG	=	Medicare Severity Diagnosis Related Group (also known as/see also DRG)
MPFR (aka MPPR)	=	Multiple Procedure Fee Reductions (aka Multiple Procedure Payment Reduction)
MPFS MPFSD MPFSDB	=	(National) Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (aka RVU file)
NCCI	=	National Correct Coding Initiative (aka "CCI")
OMT	=	Osteopathic Manipulative Treatment
OPPS	=	Outpatient Prospective Payment System
PFS	=	Physician Fee Schedule (see also MPFSDB)
RBRVU	=	Resource-based Relative Value Unit (see also RVU)
RPM	=	Reimbursement Policy Manual (e.g., in context of "RPM052" policy number, etc.)
RVU	=	Relative Value Unit (see also RBRVU)
UB	=	Uniform Bill

Definition of Terms

Term	Definition
Relative Value Units (RVUs)	<p>Resource-based relative value units (RVUs) comprise the core of the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS). CMS publishes quarterly updates to the MPFS on the CMS website.</p> <p>For more information about RVUs, see (CMS^{7, 8, 9}), (RAND¹⁰), and (Burgette¹¹).</p>

Modifier Definitions:

Modifier	Modifier Description & Definition
Modifier 51	<p>Multiple Procedures: When multiple procedures, other than E/M services, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation service or provision of supplies (e.g. vaccines), are performed at the same session by the same individual, the primary procedure or service may be reported as listed. The additional procedure(s) or service(s) may be identified by appending modifier 51 to the additional procedure or service code(s).</p> <p>Note: This modifier should not be appended to designated “add-on” codes (see Appendix D of CPT book).</p>
Modifier 59	<p>Distinct Procedural Service: Under certain circumstances, it may be necessary to indicate that a procedure or service was distinct or independent from other non-E/M services performed on the same day. Modifier 59 is used to identify procedures/services, other than E/M services, that are not normally reported together, but are appropriate under the circumstances. Documentation must support a different session, different procedure or surgery, different site or organ system, separate incision/excision, separate lesion, or separate injury (or area of injury in extensive injuries) not ordinarily encountered or performed on the same day by the same individual. However, when another already established modifier is appropriate it should be used rather than modifier 59. Only if no more descriptive modifier is available, and the use of modifier 59 best explains the circumstances, should modifier 59 be used.</p> <p>Note: Modifier 59 should not be appended to an E/M service. To report a separate and distinct E/M service with a non-E/M service performed on the same date, see modifier 25.</p>
Modifier 77	<p>Repeat Procedure by Another Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional: It may be necessary to indicate that a basic procedure or service was repeated by another physician or other qualified health care professional subsequent to the original procedure or service. This circumstance may be reported by adding modifier 77 to the repeated procedure or service. Note: This modifier should not be appended to an E/M service.</p>

Modifier	Modifier Description & Definition
Modifier 78	<p>Unplanned Return to the Operating/Procedure Room by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional Following Initial Procedure for a Related Procedure During the Postoperative Period:</p> <p>It may be necessary to indicate that another procedure was performed during the postoperative period of the initial procedure (unplanned procedure following initial procedure). When this procedure is related to the first, and requires the use of an operating/procedure room, it may be reported by adding modifier 78 to the related procedure. (For repeat procedures, see modifier 76.)</p>
Modifier 79	<p>Unrelated Procedure or Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional During the Postoperative Period:</p> <p>The individual may need to indicate that the performance of a procedure or service during the postoperative period was unrelated to the original procedure. This circumstance may be reported by using modifier 79. (For repeat procedures on the same day, see modifier 76.)</p>
Modifier SG	Ambulatory surgical center (ASC) facility service
Modifier XE	Separate encounter , a service that is distinct because it occurred during a separate encounter
Modifier XP	Separate practitioner , a service that is distinct because it was performed by a different practitioner
Modifier XS	Separate structure , a service that is distinct because it was performed on a separate organ/structure
Modifier XU	Unusual nonoverlapping service , the use of a service that is distinct because it does not overlap usual components of the main service

Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB) Multiple Procedure Indicators

Indicator	Indicator Definition
0 –	No payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply. Do not use modifier 51.
1 –	Standard payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply If procedure is reported on the same day as another procedure with an indicator of 1, 2, or 3.
2 –	Standard payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply If procedure is reported on the same day as another procedure with an indicator of 1, 2, or 3.
3 –	Standard payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply. Special rules for multiple endoscopic procedures apply if procedure is billed with another endoscopy in the same family (i.e., another endoscopy that has the same base procedure).
4 –	CMS multiple radiology procedure reductions apply. Subject to 25% reduction of the TC diagnostic imaging.
5 –	CMS multiple therapy services reductions apply. Subject to 50% reduction of the practice expense component in both institutional and non-institutional settings.
6 –	CMS multiple diagnostic cardiovascular services reductions apply. Subject to 25% reduction of the TC component.

Indicator	Indicator Definition
7 –	CMS multiple diagnostic ophthalmology services reductions apply. Subject to 20% reduction of the TC component.
9 –	Multiple procedure reductions concept does not apply. Do not use modifier 51.
0 –	No payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply. Do not use modifier 51.

Coding Guidelines & Sources - (Key quotes, not all-inclusive)

Do not append modifier 51 to a procedure to indicate that additional procedures were performed by a different provider in the same session.

Do not use modifier 51 to report an evaluation and management (E/M) service and a procedure performed on the same day.

Most medical and surgical procedures include pre-procedure, intra-procedure, and post-procedure work. When multiple procedures are performed at the same patient encounter, there is often overlap of the pre-procedure and post-procedure work. Payment methodologies for surgical procedures (such as multiple procedure fee reductions) account for the overlap of the pre-procedure and post-procedure work. (CMS¹)

AMA

The AMA guidelines allow modifier 51 to be appended to a wide variety of non-surgical procedure codes. The modifier 51 definition states, "...other than E/M services, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation service or provision of supplies (e.g., vaccines)..." which encompasses services such as laboratory testing, biofeedback, ophthalmology services, neuromuscular procedures, etc.

Medicare (CMS)

Medicare’s policy is described by the multiple procedure indicator on the National Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB). Some procedures which the AMA would allow to be combined with modifier 51 are not allowed by CMS.

ChiroCode DeskBook

ChiroCode advises chiropractors to append modifier 51 when both spinal (98940 – 98942) and extraspinal (98943) chiropractic manipulative treatments are performed. (Our policy does not follow these instructions; [see specifics above.](#))

Payment Cap Value Limits

“The MPPR rule on diagnostic imaging applies when multiple services are furnished by the same physician to the same patient in the same session on the same day, and it is applied prior to the application of the OPPS cap.” (MLN⁶)

Cross References

- A. [“Valid Modifier to Procedure Code Combinations.”](#) Moda Health Reimbursement Policy Manual, RPM019.

- B. [“Global Surgery Package for Professional Claims.”](#) Moda Health Reimbursement Policy Manual, RPM011.

References & Resources

1. CMS. *National Correct Coding Initiative Policy Manual*. Chapter 1 General Correct Coding Policies, § C.
2. Grider, Deborah J. *Coding with Modifiers: A Guide to Correct CPT and HCPCS Level II Modifier Usage*. Chicago: AMA Press, 2004, pp. 96-105.
3. CMS. *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 12 – Physician Practitioner Billing, § 40.6.C.
4. CMS. *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 23 – Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, Addendum - MPFSDB Record Layouts, 2018 File Layout, Field 21.
5. CMS. *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 5 – Part B Outpatient Rehabilitation and CORF/OPT Services, § 10.7.
6. MLN. “Interaction of the Multiple Procedure Payment Reduction (MPPR) on Imaging Procedures and the Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) Cap on the Technical Component (TC) of Imaging Procedures.” Medicare Learning Network (MLN) Matters. MM7703. July 1, 2012: November 15, 2018. <https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM7703.pdf> .
7. CMS. “Medicare Physicians Fee Schedule (MPFS).” *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 12 – Physician Practitioner Billing, § 20.
8. CMS. “Method for Computing Fee Schedule Amount.” *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 12 – Physician Practitioner Billing, § 20.1.
9. CMS. “Relative Value Units (RVUs).” *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 12 – Physician Practitioner Billing, § 20.2.
10. RAND Corporation. “Overview of the MPFS.” Improving Practice Expense Data & Methods Town Hall – June 16, 2021 Read Ahead Materials, pp. 2-3. Last updated June 16, 2021; Last accessed January 26, 2022. [Improving Data and Methods Related to Indirect Practice Expense in the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule: Read-ahead materials for the virtual Town Hall \(cms.gov\)](#) .
11. Burgette, Lane F., et al. “Practice Expense Data Collection and Methodology: Phase II Final Report.” Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation, 2021. Last accessed October 4, 2022. https://www.rand.org/pubs/research_reports/RRA1181-1.html .

Background Information

Modifiers are two-character suffixes (alpha and/or numeric) that are attached to a procedure code. CPT modifiers are defined by the American Medical Association (AMA). HCPCS Level II modifiers are defined

by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Like CPT codes, the use of modifiers requires explicit understanding of the purpose of each modifier.

Modifiers provide a way to indicate that the service or procedure has been altered by some specific circumstance but has not been changed in definition or code. Modifiers are intended to communicate specific information about a certain service or procedure that is not already contained in the code definition itself. Some examples are:

- To differentiate between the surgeon, assistant surgeon, and facility fee claims for the same surgery
- To indicate that a procedure was performed bilaterally
- To report multiple procedures performed at the same session by the same provider
- To report only the professional component or only the technical component of a procedure or service
- To designate the specific part of the body that the procedure is performed on (e.g., T3 = Left foot, fourth digit)
- To indicate special ambulance circumstances

More than one modifier can be attached to a procedure code when applicable. Not all modifiers can be used with all procedure codes.

Modifiers do not ensure reimbursement. Some modifiers increase or decrease reimbursement; others are only informational.

Modifiers are not intended to be used to report services that are "similar" or "closely related" to a procedure code. If there is no code or combination of codes or modifier(s) to accurately report the service that was performed, provide written documentation and use the unlisted code closest to the section which resembles the type of service provided to report the service.

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

The purpose of this Reimbursement Policy is to document our payment guidelines for those services covered by a member's medical benefit plan. Healthcare providers (facilities, physicians, and other professionals) are expected to exercise independent medical judgment in providing care to members. Our Reimbursement Policy is not intended to impact care decisions or medical practice.

Providers are responsible for submission of accurate claims using valid codes from HIPAA-approved code sets and for accurately, completely, and legibly documenting the services performed. Billed codes shall be fully supported in the medical record and/or office notes. Claims are to be coded appropriately according to industry standard coding guidelines (including but not limited to UB Editor, AMA, CPT, CPT Assistant, HCPCS, DRG guidelines, CMS' National Correct Coding Initiative [CCI] Policy Manual, CCI table edits and other CMS guidelines).

Benefit determinations will be based on the member's medical benefit plan. Should there be any conflicts between our Reimbursement Policy and the member's medical benefit plan, the member's medical benefit plan will prevail. Fee determinations will be based on the applicable provider fee schedule, whether out of network or participating provider's agreement, and our Reimbursement Policy.

Policies may not be implemented identically on every claim due to variations in routing requirements, dates of processing, or other constraints; we strive to minimize these variations.

***** The most current version of our reimbursement policies can be found on our provider website. If you are using a printed or saved electronic version of this policy, please verify the information by going to https://www.modahealth.com/medical/policies_reimburse.shtml *****

Policy History

Date	Summary of Update
4/10/2024	Clarification/Update: Section B.4: updated to clarify how reductions are applied for indicator “3.” Section D.2: clarification of procedure codes eligible for reductions. Cross References: Hyperlinks updated.
11/9/2022	Clarification/Update: Change to new header. Includes Idaho. Subsection designation changed. Sections A, B, C, D, & E: Clarification of ranking method added & rephrasing of percent discount calculations, per inquiry. Section D.2: Minor rephrasing and bookmark link added back to section B.3-B.5. Acronym table: 4 added. Definition of Terms table added. Cross References: Hyperlinks added. References & Resources: 5 entries added. Policy History section: Added. Entries prior to 2022 omitted (in archive storage).
4/10/2013	Policy initially approved by the Reimbursement Administrative Policy Review Committee & initial publication.
1/1/2000	Original Effective Date (with or without formal documentation). Policy based on CMS multiple procedure reduction policy.